Neshoba County General Hospital EMERGENCY PHYSICIAN RECORD ♦ Altered Mental Status ♦

LUKE, CHRISTOP	HER C
NANNEY, JAMES	05/30/201
M 34 Y	
6	
10408266 N	1ER

TRIAGE TIME: 1035		
On arrival	ROS	
	EYES	;G
HISTORIAN: patient spouse parameters NH records  AGE NH FRACE	problems with vision ENT	diarri/ea
	sore throat	black stools — MS
	trouble swallowing	- ms - joint pain
HPI But U See transfer recogn	/ CVS	·SKIN
HPI Butter Giant	\ palpitations	-i rash
Chief complaint: decreased mane decreased	RESP	'IYMPU
low blood sugar / diabetic fever	Tooligh	- swollen glands
SPANON WAILERWAYDER	problems urinating	'ankle swelling
min/hrs/days abo ! gradual-onset	LNMP breg bost menor	PSYCH anylety / depression
Whom well as the first the following the first	X event as marked	· anxiety / depression
upon waking cannot confirmenset gone not intermittent better continues in ED more than 3 hours constant	Lacocepe as marked positive, all syst	ems above reviewed and found negative
character of altered mental status:		
disoriented / combasted / combative / agitated / trouble concentrating		
unresponsive / seizure activity / decreased responsiveness		
7	•CONST / CVS / RESP / NEURO component	ts also addressed in HPI
the fail for again 3 al	PAST HX _no chronic dise	
In July 101 post 2 yays-	cardiac disease Afib CAD CHF N	ases
Alla ala a zada	diabetes Type 1 Type 2	11 · astqma / COPD
Altercation on 52813	I GIEL / Ordi / Instilin	* hunărlinidamia
2 AUDINAGE THOUGH	hypertension confusion / deficit	• Insect bite
2 ATWITHEN ENDY AR	confusion / dementia	: GNbleeding
	CVA / TIA deficit	
context:	CVA / TIA deficit head trabma	
nursing home resident / chronic dementia / depression	overdose Seizure disorder	
Toung unresponsive / unknown duration / CL/AAAA	psychiatric disorder	
by nursing home staff bystander family	schizoph. / bipolar / depression	
dextrostick PTA () given D50 / Narcan PTA	_old records reviewed / summar)	
good / marriage / na mark and	<b>2</b> \ 1	( <del></del>
recent / heavy alcoho Nntake (beer/wine / liquor) last drink:	Drug Abuse	
druk ahusa / overdore	Mithand Scit	MIX
druk abuse / overdose	Surgeries / Proceduresnone_	
infection / other family members sick	appendectomy	
new medications	cardiac bypass / stent	pacemaker
	cholecystectomy	tonsillectomy
	Dounie Kanaina	
	Nernia repair	
Usually- Cognition Gait	Immunizations: influenza / pneum	MANAY LITD ( W. S L BCD
alert oriented x3 walks w/o assistance	Medications none see nurs	
alert but confused unable to walk	aspirin coumadin clopidogrel	es note   Allergies
alert but disoriented to time uses a cane / walker		
poor alertness walks only w/ assistance		
associated symptoms: new weakness		
recent illness / fever decreased ability to stand / walk		
recent injury weak difficult off balance cannot walk cannot stand falling	SOCIAL HX smaker_ppd	
hest pain connot walk connot stand falling neck / back pain fainting / dizziness		/ past / quitdays / mos / yrs ago
rougle breathing involuntary movements / seizure	: White and the	ecent / heavy / occasional)
belominal painheadache	FAMILY HX CVA CAD	(TN)
nausea / vomiting	= $0.00$	HTN cerebral aneurysm
nilar symptoms previously		
-V. Asserting by extrousity	$\Lambda_{\perp}$ $\alpha_{\perp}$	
	I (NIM IACHONA)	W.191/2 /
cently seen / treated by doctor / hospitalized	HISTORY- Nurse sing offer seconding D	OS, PFSH; Physician initial after reviewing
	with patient and confirming or revisit	oo, Fron, Physician Initial after reviewing

Circle positives, backslash negatives, check Vnormals

Luke 0197

**EXHIBIT** 

## HISTORY AND PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

## ANDERSON REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER MERIDIAN, MS 39301

Patient Name: LUKE, CHRISTOPHER C Location: IC
Patient DOB: 78 Room #: 0116
Attending Physician: Malloy, David MD Acct #: J19398528
Admission Date: 05/30/13 Unit #: M00632356

DATE: 05/30/2013

REASON FOR ADMISSION: HEAD TRAUMA

HISTORY: 34 year old male seen initially at Neshoba General Hospital Emergency Room this morning with history of headaches. The patient was apparently incarcerated in Philadelphia since 05/24/13 for "possession of meth". According to family members he was "okay" at the time of his arrest but they have not seen him for a couple of days until today. The patient cannot recall any trauma to the head but he is somewhat vague about his history. He complains of headache with nausea and photophobia. He has no complaints of weakness or numbness. The family notes that he has been "sleepy".

REVIEW OF SYSTEMS: No chest pain or shortness of breath. No abdominal discomfort.

PAST MEDICAL HISTORY: Negative for heart disease, hypertension or diabetes.

SOCIAL HISTORY: Denies alcohol intake and he is a nonsmoker. He and his wife do use methamphetamine (the patient both smokes and injects it) and they have been doing so for at least a year.

MEDICATIONS: No long-term meds.

ALLERGIES: None.

## PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

VITAL SIGNS: Blood pressure 110/70, heart rate is 60 per minute. Oxygen saturation 98%. He is afebrile.

CHEST EXAMINATION: Reveals good air entry equal bilaterally with no adventitious noises.

HEART: Sounds are normal with no bruits in the carotids.

ABDOMEN: Soft and nontender with normal guarding or rigidity. Bowel sounds are present.

EXTREMITIES: Reveal no obvious deformities.

There is an old bruise on the dorsal thoracic area in a right paramedian location. There is a small abrasion in the right upper quadrant of the abdomen. There is some bruising in the right ear lobe and the skin just behind the right ear.

From a Neurologic prospective he is drowsy but he easily arousable. He keeps his eyes closed but does open them to voice. Pupils react equally. Extraocular movements are full. Tongue protrudes in the midline. Facial sensation is within normal limits. Tympanic membranes are normal. He is oriented to place and person but not to time. He moves all four limbs well with equal strength. Normal grip to the outstretched upper extremities is noted. Sensory examination is normal to light touch bilaterally in the upper and lower extremities. Plantar responses downgoing.

## HISTORY AND PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

## ANDERSON REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER MERIDIAN, MS 39301

Patient Name:	LUKE, CHRISTOPHER C		Location: IC
Patient DOB:	78		Room #: 0116
Attending Physician: Admission Date:	05/30/13		Acct #: J19398528 Unit #: M00632356
Addition Date:	U5/3U/13		Unit #: M00632356
reveals right frontal compatible with edema	l and right temporal a. There is no shift CT scan of the cerv	contusions with some su of the midline structu	ba General Hospital). This urrounding low density ures. Ventricles and ed at Anderson Hospital is
Hemoglobin and hemato 1.16 is noted. Elect	ocrit are normal. Pl crolytes are within n	atelet count is normal	vated white count of 15,000. Slightly elevated INR at elevation of SGOT is noted imits.
IMPRESSION: TRAUMATI	C RIGHT FRONTAL AND	TEMPORAL CONTUSION.	
RECOMMENDATIONS: The immediate need for su development of focal	argical intervention.	mitted to the hospital Observe for changes i	for observation. No in mental status, seizures,
ADDENDUM: The patier He took Phenobarbital	it does have a past m for a while but is	edical history of "seiz not on any medications	zures" many, many years ago. at this time.
	Malloy,	David MD	
MALDA /VM			
DICT: 05/30/13 T	TIME: 1720 TIME: 1259		
HISTORY AND PHYSICAL	UPDATE: (If done pri	or to date of admission	1)
[] H&P was reviewed, condition since t	the patient was exam	ined and there are no d	changes in the patient's
[] Addition(s) to cu	rrent H&P due to mis	sing element(s), if app	olicable:
Signature:		Date:	Time:
Patient Name: LUKE,C Attending Physician: Dictating Physician:	Malloy, David MD	Room#: 011	.6 Acct#: J19398528 Unit#: M00632356

#### DISCHARGE SUMMARY

### ANDERSON REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER MERIDIAN, MISSISSIPPI 39301

Patient Name: LUKE, CHRISTOPHER C

Patient DOB: Acct#: J19398528
Attending Doctor: Malloy, David MD Unit#: M00632356
Admission Date: 05/30/13 Discharge Date: 06/03/13

ADMITTED: 05/30/2013 DISCHARGED: 06/03/2013

DISCHARGE DIAGNOSIS: RIGHT FRONTAL TEMPORAL CONTUSION

OPERATIVE PROCEDURE: NONE

This is a 34 year old right-handed white male who was initially evaluated at Neshoba General Hospital for complaints of headache. He had been incarcerated in the local jail since 05/24/13 for possession of methamphetamine. There appears to have been some sort of traumatic event during the course of his incarceration. He was taken to his local hospital because of progressively increasing headache and drowsiness. He was found to have right frontal temporal contusions. He was transferred to Anderson Hospital for further evaluation.

His examination was nonfocal with respect to motor and sensory function. He was quite drowsy but arousable to voice. He did have right frontal and temporal contusions on CT scan. There was some edema surrounding the contusions. He was admitted to the hospital for observation. His neurologic status and vital signs remained relatively stable during the course of his hospital stay. Level of consciousness gradually improved to the point where at discharge he was awake, oriented and speaking appropriately without focal neurologic deficit. He did have some swelling and redness to both the right elbow region with a small pustule. He was placed on some Keflex empirically for this. At discharge he was given a prescription for Keflex 500 mg q.i.d. He was advised to use Tylenol for headache. He was not given any narcotic prescriptions. He was cautioned to return to the Emergency Room if he has any increasing headache or develops any focal neurologic signs. He will be seen in my clinic in two weeks time with a follow up CT scan of the brain. He was advised to avoid the use of illegal medications. He was advised to avoid any heavy strenuous physical activity.

CONDITION AT DISCHARGE: Stable.

Malloy,David MD

MALDA/VM

DICT: 06/03/13 TIME: 0832 TRANS: 06/06/13 TIME: 1256

ESIGN:

Patient Name: LUKE, CHRISTOPHER C Acct#: J19398528
Attending Doctor: Malloy, David MD Unit#: M00632356

Dictating Doctor: Malloy, David MD

Discharge Date: 06/03/13 Location: 3E

# Ear, Nose & Throat Surgical Group An affiliate of St. Dominic Medical Associates

August 5, 2013

RE:

Christopher Luke

DOB: (78

Bryan M. Clay, MD Beverly C. Fulcher, MD

James D. Gordon, MD

Kyle F. Gordon, MD

Jess C. Roberts, MD

Mickey P. Wallace, MD

To Whom It May Concern:

Mr. Luke has been seen in the office on two occasions and brought by both his parents. His first visit was on 7/17/13 and subsequent visit was on 8/01/13. On his initial visit, the history was primarily given by the parents. On the subsequent visit, they are here as well and they have brought paperwork with medical records from his most recent medical facilities, which are Neshoba County General Hospital and Jeff Anderson Hospital in Meridian. Based on the information by the patient and his parents and these medical records, it appears that the patient was a jail inhabitant in Neshoba County at the onset of his medical situation. Apparently, there was an altercation within the jail and he was subsequently found to be somnolent and initially taken to the Neshoba County Hospital. He was found to have some degree of intracranial trauma, with a right frontal and temporal contusion and transferred to Jeff Anderson Hospital where he was seen by the neurosurgery people there, Dr. David Malloy, and managed for several days.

His physical injuries noted were that he had a bruising around the right earlobe and behind the right ear consistent with Battle's signs. A CT scan did indicate right frontal and right temporal contusions, and he is also noted to have a left temporal bone fracture. The patient states at that ne that he was under medical care, he noted that his hearing was completely nonfunctional in either ear. He could hearing nothing in the left ear, but gradually over a period of a week or so began to get some hearing back in the right ear.

He has had two audiograms, or hearing tests, done at our facility and both tympanograms were normal, consistent with intact tympanic membranes. He has a consistent sensorineural or nerve hearing loss. The left ear is completely non-functional, which would be consistent with a temporal bone fracture. The right ear shows a significant bell-shaped curve with sensorineural hearing loss at the low frequencies and very severe in the high frequencies, with the best hearing at 1000Hz in the discrimination level of 80%.

To summarize, it appears that this patient has significant cerebral trauma with a left temporal bone fracture and right temporal bone trauma with subsequent complete loss of hearing in the left ear, which is not recoverable. He has some functional hearing in the right ear and this all does appear to be of an acute onset secondary to the recent trauma.

I hope this information is helpful and feel free to contact this office if further information is needed.

Best regards, William No

Mickey P. Wallace, M.D.

MrW:amts/1 8.06

Luke 0224